

# Math 200 - 1st Final Exam

May 4, 2011

Name key  
Score \_\_\_\_\_

Show all work to receive full credit. Supply explanations where necessary. Multiple choice problems are worth 0, 1, or 2 points depending on your answer and the work shown.

1. Choose the division model that best fits the following problem situation: *Sammy's mother made 36 cookies for the school bake sale. She would like to put them into bags that hold 4 cookies each. How many bags does she need?*

- (a) partition
- (b) missing factor
- (c) repeated subtraction
- (d) Cartesian product

How many groups?

2. Which one of the following facts illustrates the commutative property of multiplication?

- (a)  $(2 + x) + y = y + (2 + x)$
- (b)  $3 \cdot (x + 7) + 2 = 3x + 23$
- (c)  $3(2)(x + y) = 2(3)(x + y)$
- (d)  $(2x + 3y) + 8 = 2x + (3y + 8)$

3. What is the value of the digit 5 in the base-eight numeral  $6543_{\text{eight}}$ ?

- (a) 5
- (b)  $5 \cdot 64$
- (c) 500
- (d)  $5 \cdot 512$

4. Suppose  $A = \{x, y, z\}$ ,  $B \subseteq A$ , and  $n(B) = 3$ . Which one of the following must be true?

- (a)  $(x, x) \in A \times B$
- (b)  $A \cap B = \emptyset$
- (c)  $n(A \cup B) = 6$
- (d)  $B - A = 3 - x - y - z$

$$B = \{x, y, z\}$$

5. If  $m$  and  $n$  are both negative integers, then what can be said about  $-m - n$ ?

- (a)  $-m - n$  is a positive integer.
- (b)  $-m - n$  is a negative integer.
- (c)  $-m - n$  is not an integer.
- (d) There is not enough information to say anything about  $-m - n$ .

$-(m+n)$  = opposite  
of a  
negative

6. Choose the multiplication model that best fits the following problem situation: *The graduates walked into the auditorium as a group in ten rows of four. How many graduates were there?*

- Cartesian product
- repeated addition
- area/array
- set partition

7. Convert the base-ten numeral 372 to base-four.

- 11310<sub>four</sub>
- 78<sub>four</sub>
- 1131<sub>four</sub>
- 1032<sub>four</sub>

$$4^0 = 1, 4^1 = 4, 4^2 = 16, 4^3 = 64$$

$$4^4 = 256$$

$$4^4 = 256$$

$$4^4 = 256$$

$$4^3 = 64 \overline{)116} (1$$

$$- 64$$

$$4^2 = 16 \overline{)52} (3$$

$$- 48$$

$$4^1 = 4 \overline{)4} (1$$

$$- 4$$

$$0 (0$$

8. When using the 4-step, problem-solving process which one of these strategies would NOT be considered part of understanding the problem?

- Reread the problem.
- State the problem in your own words.
- Determine what information is not needed.
- Write an equation.

9. Suppose  $A = 2^3 \cdot 5^2 \cdot 7 \cdot 13^3$  and  $B = 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 5^3 \cdot 13^2$ . Find the LCM of  $A$  and  $B$ .

- $2 \cdot 3 \cdot 5^2 \cdot 7 \cdot 13^2$
- $2^3 \cdot 3 \cdot 5^3 \cdot 7 \cdot 13^3$
- $2 \cdot 5^2 \cdot 13^2$
- $2^4 \cdot 3 \cdot 5^5 \cdot 7 \cdot 13^5$

10. Which one of these numbers is the 1371st term of the following arithmetic sequence?

$$18, 25, 32, 39, 46, 53, 60, 67, \dots$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} \checkmark & \checkmark & \checkmark & \checkmark \\ 7 & 7 & 7 & 7 & \dots \end{array}$$

- 9608
- 9615
- 9601
- 9597

$$N^{\text{TH TERM}} = 7N + 11$$

$$7(1371) + 11 = 9608$$

CONCLUSION BASED ON  
OBSERVATION

11. Which one of the following is an example of inductive reasoning?

- (a)  $2(3 + 5) = 2(5 + 3)$
- (b) A sequence begins with 2, 4, 6, 8. The next term must be 10.
- (c) If  $x = 10$ , then  $2x + 3 = 23$ .
- (d) Wednesdays are pizza days, so today is a pizza day.

12. Let  $W$  be the set of all whole numbers. The set  $A$  is defined below using set-builder notation. Which one of the given sets is equal to  $A$ ?

$$A = \{x \mid x = 2n \text{ where } n \in W \text{ and } n < 2\}$$

$\underbrace{\hspace{10em}}$   
 $N = 0 \text{ or } N = 1$

- (a)  $\{0, 2\}$
- (b)  $\{0, 1\}$
- (c)  $\{0, 2, 4, 6, \dots\}$
- (d)  $\{\dots, -6, -4, -2, 0, 2\}$

13. Which one of the following is a valid test for divisibility by 20?

- (a) An integer is divisible by 20 if and only if its last digit is 0.
- (b) An integer is divisible by 20 if and only if the sum of its digits is divisible by 20.
- (c) An integer is divisible by 20 if and only if it is divisible by both 2 and 10.
- (d) An integer is divisible by 20 if and only if it is divisible by both 4 and 5.

14. (5 points) Use any multiplication algorithm to compute  $413_{\text{five}} \times 42_{\text{five}}$ .

4	1	3	
3	0	2	2
1	0	4	2
3	0	2	1

4  
2  
1

34001  
FIVE

3 4      0      0      1

SUM OF DIGITS IS 54

15. (5 points) Test the number 749968830 for divisibility by 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, and 20. Show work and/or explain your reasoning.

2: Yes, ends in 0 & 2 | 0

3: Yes, sum of digits is 54 & 3 | 54

4: No, 4 X 30

5: Yes, ends in 0

6: Yes, divisible by 2 & 3

8: No, not divisible by 4

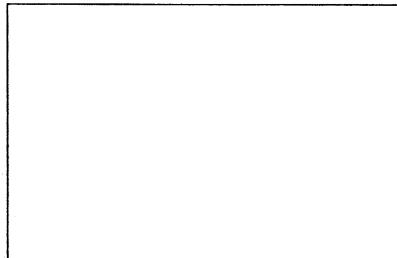
9: No, sum of digits is 54 & 9 | 54

10: Yes, ends in 0

20: No, not divisible by 4

16. (5 points) The area of a rectangle is 24 square inches. Its length and width are natural numbers. Use this information to find the rectangle with the least possible perimeter.

Width,  $w$



$$\text{Area} = l \cdot w = 24$$

$$\text{Perimeter} = 2l + 2w$$

Length,  $l$

NATURAL # FACTORIZATIONS OF 24 ARE

1,24 ; 2,12; 3,8; 4,6 ← THESE PAIRS  
ARE POSSIBLE DIMENSIONS.

<u>Dimensions</u>	<u>Perimeter</u>
1,24 or 24,1	$2(1) + 2(24) = 50$
2,12 or 12,2	$2(2) + 2(12) = 28$
3,8 or 8,3	$2(3) + 2(8) = 22$
4,6 or 6,4	$2(4) + 2(6) = 20$ ← SMALLEST PERIMETER

THE 4 IN BY 6 IN  
RECTANGLE  
HAS LEAST  
PERIMETER

17. (5 points)

(a) Find the fourth term of the geometric sequence whose first term is 3 and whose ratio is 5.

$$3, 3 \cdot 5, 3 \cdot 5^2, 3 \cdot 5^3$$

$$3, 15, 75, \boxed{375}$$

(b) A recursive sequence is defined as follows:

$$B_1 = -2, \quad B_n = -3 \cdot B_{n-1} + 5, \text{ for } n = 2, 3, 4, \dots$$

Find the third term of the sequence.

$$B_2 = -3 \cdot (-2) + 5 = 6 + 5 = 11$$

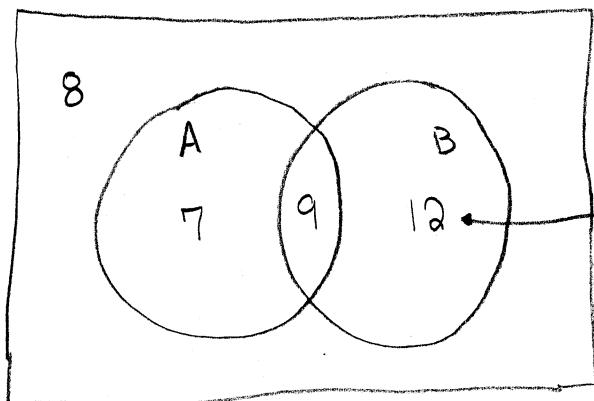
$$B_3 = -3 \cdot (11) + 5 = -33 + 5 = \boxed{-28}$$

(c) Find the next term: 2, 4, 9, 17, 28, 42, ...

$$\begin{matrix} \checkmark & \checkmark & \checkmark & \checkmark & \checkmark \\ 2 & 5 & 8 & 11 & 14 & 17 \end{matrix}$$

$$42 + 17 = \boxed{59}$$

18. (5 points) Suppose  $A$  and  $B$  are subsets of  $U$ , and  $U$  has 36 elements. Use a two-set Venn diagram to help you determine  $n(B)$  if  $n(A) = 16$ ,  $n(A \cap B) = 9$ , and  $n(\overline{A \cup B}) = 8$ .



$$\begin{aligned} 36 - (8 + 7 + 9) \\ = 12 \end{aligned}$$

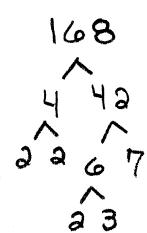
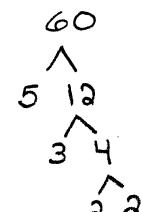
$$n(B) = 9 + 12 = 21$$

19. (2 points) Find the greatest common divisor of 60 and 168.

$$60 = 2^2 \cdot 3 \cdot 5$$

$$168 = 2^3 \cdot 3 \cdot 7$$

$$\boxed{\begin{aligned} \text{GCD} &= 2^2 \cdot 3 \\ &= 12 \end{aligned}}$$



20. (3 points) Use a model to illustrate and compute each product. Use a different model for each part. (Model what is given, not a related problem.)

(a)  $-3 \times 4$

PATTERN

$$3 \times 4 = 12$$

$$2 \times 4 = 8$$

$$1 \times 4 = 4$$

$$0 \times 4 = 0$$

$$-1 \times 4 = -4$$

$$-2 \times 4 = -8$$

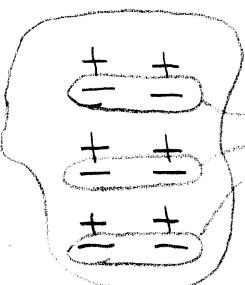
$$\boxed{-3 \times 4 = -12}$$

(b)  $-3 \times (-2)$

CHARGES

① START WITH ZERO

② TAKE OUT 3 groups of -2



TAKE OUT

$$\boxed{-3 \times (-2) = +6}$$

21. (2 points) After looking at these examples:

$$5 \cdot 3 + 5 \cdot 5 = 40, \quad 5 \cdot 2 + 5 \cdot 4 = 30, \quad 5 \cdot 8 + 5 \cdot 10 = 90,$$

Marcus conjectured that the sum of two multiples of 5 is a multiple of 10. Is he correct? If not, give a counterexample.

No, HE IS WRONG.

$$3 \cdot 5 + 2 \cdot 5 = 15 + 10 = 25 \leftarrow \text{NOT A} \\ \text{MULTIPLE OF 10.}$$

22. (5 points) Find the prime factorization of 4500. Then use your factorization to determine the number of positive integer divisors of 4500.

$$\begin{aligned} 4500 & \\ &\swarrow 45 \quad \swarrow 100 \\ &\swarrow 5 \quad \swarrow 9 \quad \swarrow 25 \quad \swarrow 4 \\ &\swarrow 3 \quad \swarrow 3 \quad \swarrow 5 \quad \swarrow 2^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{4500 = 2^2 \cdot 3^2 \cdot 5^3}$$

NUMBER OF DIVISORS IS

$$3 \cdot 3 \cdot 4 = \boxed{36}$$

23. (5 points) Use a NONSTANDARD algorithm to compute each of the following.

(a)  $5686 + 6679$

LATTICE ADDITION

$$\begin{array}{r}
 5 \ 6 \ 8 \ 6 \\
 + 6 \ 6 \ 7 \ 9 \\
 \hline
 \boxed{1 \ 2 \ 3 \ 6 \ 5}
 \end{array}$$

12,365

(b)  $345 - 269$

EQUAL ADDITIONS

$$\begin{array}{r}
 345 + 1 \\
 - 269 + 1 \\
 \hline
 346 + 30 \\
 - 270 + 30 \\
 \hline
 376 \\
 - 300 \\
 \hline
 76
 \end{array}$$

76

(c)  $6745 \div 5$

SHORT DIVISION

$$\begin{array}{r}
 1 \ 3 \ 4 \ 9 \\
 5 \overline{) 6 \ 7 \ 2 \ 4 \ 5}
 \end{array}$$

1349

24. (2 points) State a basic property of the Hindu-Arabic numeration system.

ALL NUMERALS ARE CONSTRUCTED FROM

10 BASIC DIGITS: 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9

25. (1.5 points) Write an application problem (i.e. a word problem) involving subtraction in which the subtraction is best modeled using comparison.

THERE ARE FIVE DESKS IN THE 1<sup>ST</sup> ROW AND THREE DESKS IN THE 2<sup>ND</sup> ROW. HOW MANY MORE DESKS ARE IN THE 1<sup>ST</sup> ROW?  $5 - 3 = \underline{\underline{2}}$

26. (1.5 points) Write the expanded form of the number 54967.

$$5 \times 10^4 + 4 \times 10^3 + 9 \times 10^2 + 6 \times 10^1 + 7 \times 10^0$$

27. (2 points) Use an integer subtraction model to illustrate and compute  $-2 - (-5)$ .

NUMBER LINE...

③ TURN AROUND TO

① START AT ZERO FACING  
RIGHT.

MODEL SUBTRACTION

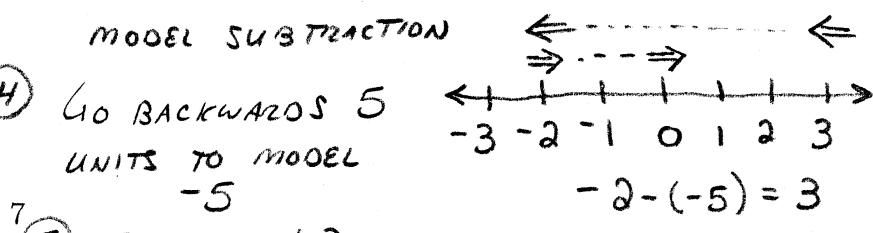
④ GO BACKWARDS 5

UNITS TO MODEL

-5

② GO BACKWARDS 2 UNITS  
TO MODEL -2

⑤ END AT +3



$$-2 - (-5) = 3$$