

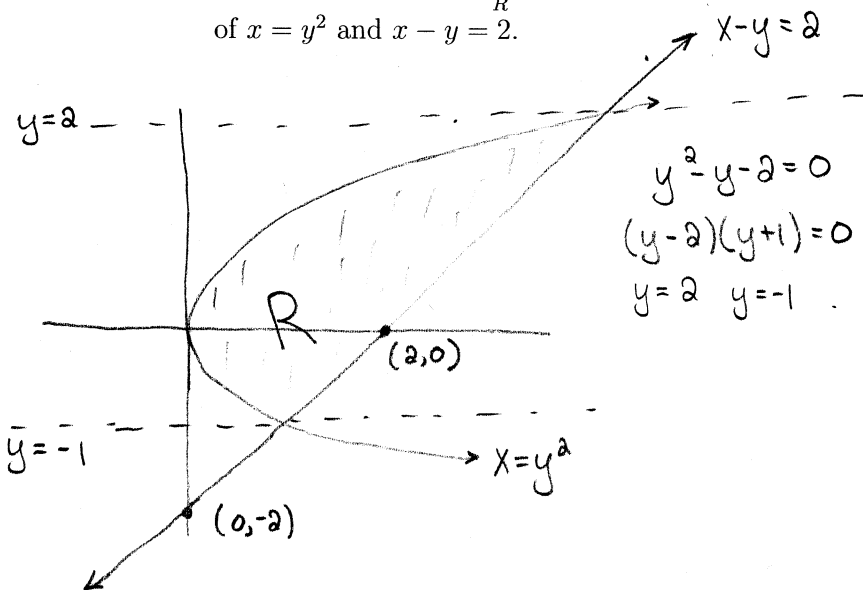
Math 173 - Quiz 8

April 18, 2013

Name key Score _____

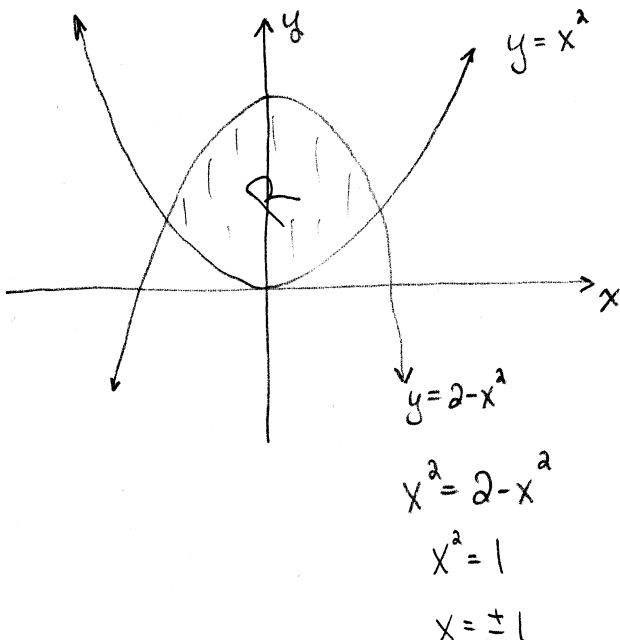
Show all work to receive full credit. Supply explanations when necessary.

1. (2.5 points) Evaluate $\iint_R (2x - y) dA$, where R is the plane region between the graphs of $x = y^2$ and $x - y = 2$.



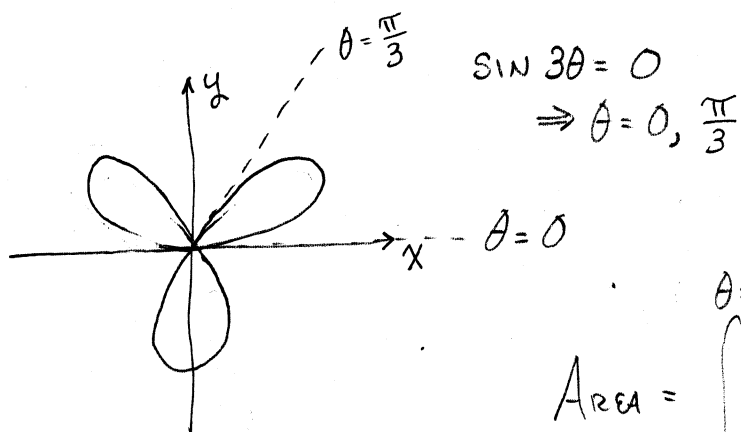
$$\int_{-1}^2 \int_{y^2}^{2+y} (2x - y) dx dy = \frac{243}{40}$$

2. (2.5 points) Use a double integral to find the volume of the space region under the graph of $z = x^2 + y$ above the region in the xy -plane bounded by the graphs of $y = x^2$ and $y = 2 - x^2$.



$$\int_{x=-1}^1 \int_{y=x^2}^{y=2-x^2} (x^2 + y) dy dx = \frac{16}{5}$$

3. (2.5 points) Use a double integral to find the area enclosed by one loop of the three-leaved rose $r = \sin 3\theta$.

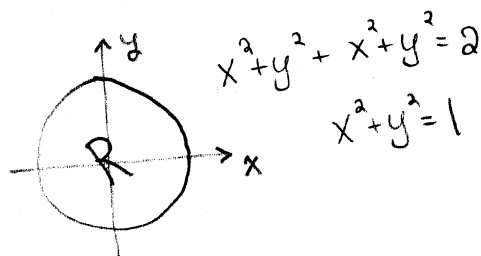
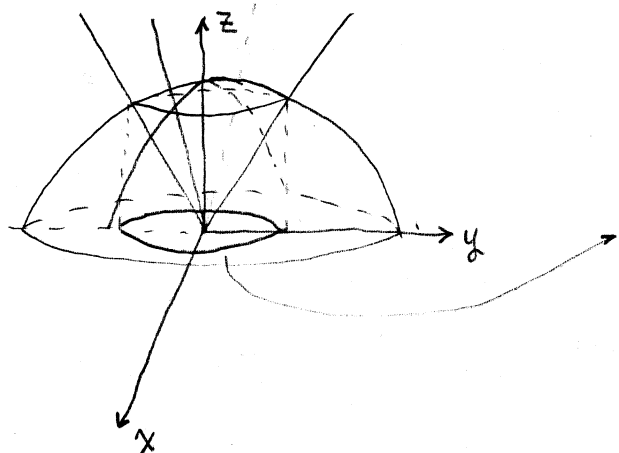


$$\text{Area} = \int_{\theta=0}^{\theta=\frac{\pi}{3}} \int_{r=0}^{r=\sin 3\theta} r \, dr \, d\theta$$

$$= \frac{\pi}{12}$$

4. (2.5 points) Find the volume of the space region below the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 2$ and above the cone $z = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$.

$$z = \sqrt{2 - x^2 - y^2}$$



$$\text{Volume} = \iint_R (\sqrt{2 - x^2 - y^2} - \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}) \, dA$$

$$= \int_{\theta=0}^{\theta=2\pi} \int_0^1 (\sqrt{2 - r^2} - \sqrt{r^2}) \, r \, dr \, d\theta$$

$$= 2\pi \left(\frac{2^{3/2}}{3} - \frac{2}{3} \right)$$

$$\approx 1.735$$

Quiz 8 - Problem 1

```
(%i20) 'integrate('integrate(2*x-y,x,y^2,2+y),y,-1,2);
```

```
(%o20) 
$$\int_{-1}^2 \int_{y^2}^{y+2} 2x-y dx dy$$

```

```
(%i21) ev(%, nouns);
```

```
(%o21) 
$$\frac{243}{20}$$

```

Quiz 8 - Problem 2

```
(%i22) 'integrate('integrate(x^2+y,y,x^2,2-x^2),x,-1,1);
```

```
(%o22) 
$$\int_{-1}^1 \int_{x^2}^{2-x^2} y+x^2 dy dx$$

```

```
(%i23) ev(%, nouns);
```

```
(%o23) 
$$\frac{16}{5}$$

```

Quiz 8 - Problem 3

```
(%i24) 'integrate('integrate(r,r,0,sin(3*theta)),theta,0,%pi/3);
```

```
(%o24) 
$$\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{3}} \int_0^{\sin(3\theta)} r dr d\theta$$

```

```
(%i25) ev(%, nouns);
```

```
(%o25) 
$$\frac{\pi}{12}$$

```

Quiz 8 - Problem 4

```
(%i30) 'integrate('integrate((sqrt(2-r^2)-sqrt(r^2))*r,r,0,1),theta,0,2*%pi);
```

```
(%o30) 
$$2\pi \int_0^1 r(\sqrt{2-r^2}-|r|) dr$$

```

```
(%i31) ev(%, nouns);
```

```
(%o31) 
$$2\left(\frac{2^{3/2}}{3}-\frac{2}{3}\right)\pi$$

```