$\frac{\mathbf{Math}\ \mathbf{157}\ \textbf{-}\ \mathbf{Final}\ \mathbf{Exam}}{\mathbf{December}\ \mathbf{14},\ 2016}$

Show all work to receive full credit. Supply explanations where necessary.

1. (8 points) Use algebra to find the limit analytically.

$$\lim_{r \to -1} \frac{3(r+2)^2 + 6r + 3}{r+1}$$

2. (10 points) Let $f(x) = 1 + \sqrt[3]{2x+4}$. Compute f'(x). Then use it to find an equation of the line tangent to the graph of f at the point where x=2.

3. (6 points) Let $f(x) = 2/x^2$. Use at least four small intervals to estimate f'(2).

4. (8 points) A bacteria culture is growing in such a way that after t hours there are $P(t) = 145e^{0.2t}$ bacteria. Compute P(6) and P'(6). Using units, explain what each of these values represents.

5. (10 points) Find the global (absolute) extreme values of the function $f(x) = 2x^3 - 9x^2 - 60x + 10$ on the interval [-4, 4].

6. (10 points) Use the second derivative to determine whether the graph of $y = x^2 e^{-x}$ is concave up or down at the point where x = 1.

- 7. (20 points) Consider the function $f(x) = 7 + 2x^3 x^4$.
 - (a) Find all critical points of f.

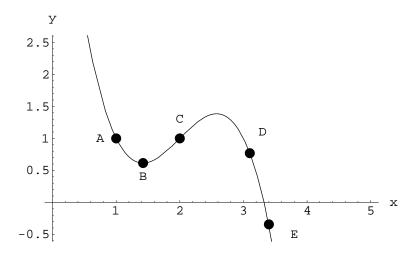
(b) Find open intervals on which f is increasing/decreasing.

(c) Find all local (relative) extreme values of f.

(d) Find open intervals on which the graph of f is concave up/down.

8. (8 points) Evaluate the indefinite integral: $\int \left(\frac{1}{x^2} - 7x^4 + e^{-2x} + 2x^{-1}\right) dx.$

9. (12 points) The graph of f is shown below. For each part of this problem, find a labeled point that satisfies the given condition.



- (a) f''(x) = 0
- (b) x is a critical point of f
- (c) f''(x) < 0
- (d) f(x) < 0
- (e) f'(x) > 0
- (f) f''(x) > 0

- 10. (12 points) An ice cream company finds that at a price of \$4.00, demand is 4000 units. For every \$0.25 decrease in price, demand increases by 200 units.
 - (a) Find the demand equation.

(b) Find a formula for the revenue.

(c) Find the price and quantity that maximize revenue. (Be sure to show how you know you've found a max.)

11. (10 points) Sketch the graph of f(x) = 2x - 4. Then use area (not antidifferentiation) to compute $\int_0^5 f(x) dx$.

12. (8 points) Use a left sum with 5 subintervals (rectangles) of equal width to estimate $\int_{1}^{2} \frac{3}{x+5} dx$.

13. (8 points) Evaluate the indefinite integral: $\int 4x^3 (x^4 + 8)^5 dx$.

- 14. (4 points) For each part, circle the correct conclusion.
 - (a) If f' is increasing, then
 - i. the graph of f is concave up.
 - ii. the graph of f has positive slope.
 - (b) If f(c) = 0, then
 - i. c is a critical point of f.
 - ii. (c,0) is an x-intercept of the graph of f.

- 15. (6 points) The revenue from selling q items is R(q)=30q+5 and the total cost is $C(q)=0.01q^3-0.7q^2+34q+8$.
 - (a) Determine the profit function P(q).

(b) Determine the marginal profit.

(c) Determine the marginal profit at q=25. Based on your value should you increase or decrease production in order to increase profit? Why?

16. (10 points) Use a definite integral (and the Fundamental Theorem of Calculus) to find the area of the region under the graph of $f(x) = 8x^3 + 6x^2 + 1$ over the interval from x = 0 to x = 2.