Math 130 - Quiz 11

November 20, 2019

Name _	key	
	٦	Score

Show all work to receive full credit. Supply explanations when necessary.

1. (5 points) Radioactive radium-226 has a half-life of 1600 years. Use the exponential decay model, $P(t) = P_0 a^t$, to determine how much of a 10-gram sample will remain after 975 years.

$$\frac{1}{a} = a \xrightarrow{1600} \Rightarrow a = \left(\frac{1}{a}\right)^{1/1600}$$

$$P(t) = 10 \left(\frac{1}{a}\right)^{t/1600}$$

$$P(975) = 10 \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{975/1600} \approx 6.55 \text{ grams}$$

2. (5 points) Determine the exact value of each logarithm. Show work or explain.

(a)
$$\log_5 125$$
= $\log_5 5^3 = 3$

(b)
$$\log_{1/2} 64$$
 $\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\chi} = 64 \Rightarrow \left(\chi = -6\right)$

(c)
$$\ln \sqrt{e} = \lim_{n \to \infty} e^{\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{1}{a}$$

3. (2 points) Use the logarithm laws to completely expand: $\log \left(\frac{x^5y^2}{\sqrt{z}}\right)$.

4. (2 points) Use the logarithm laws to completely condense: $4 \log_2 x - \log_2 y - 3 \log_2 z$

5. (1 point) Write $\log_9 137$ in terms of natural logarithms. Then use your calculator to compute the value.

$$\frac{\ln 137}{\ln 9} \approx \left(3.391798\right)$$